

Fraunhofer Institute for Experimental Software Engineering IESE

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Joerg Doerr Fraunhofer Institute for Experimental Software Engineering IESE and RPTU Kaiserslautern-Landau

An IT-Perspective on Agricultural Data Exchange

Presentation of the chair

- > Research interests: **Software and Systems Engineering** in the field of Digital Farming
 - Requirements analysis for different actors in the agricultural ecosystem and improving the user acceptance of digital farming solutions, e.g. FMIS, decision support systems (using explainability in AI), agricultural machinery
 - Improving interoperability and networking between actors and systems (e.g., ISOBUS, automated data extraction, and data spaces)
 - Data management for sustainable and transparent solutions in the value chain (e.g, digital twin/shadow, dashboards, AI solutions)
- Our application fields: arable farming, livestock farming, viticulture (to come)

















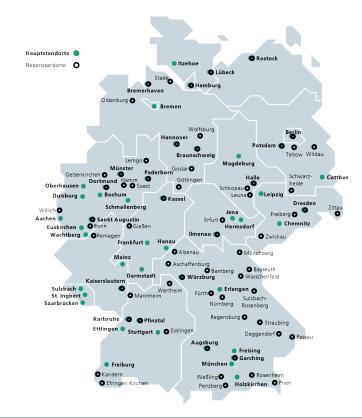


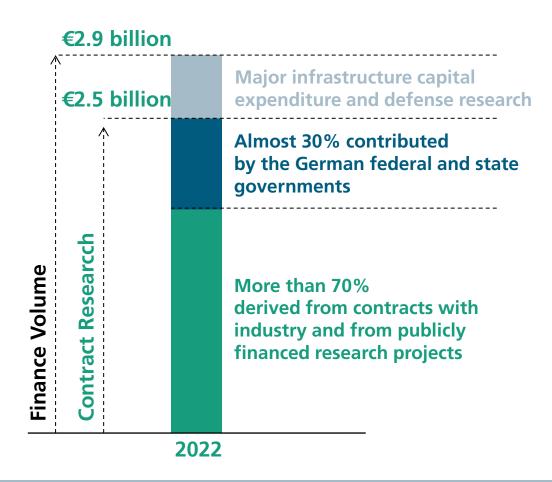
The Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft at a glance

Applied research of direct utility to private and public enterprise and of wide benefit to society





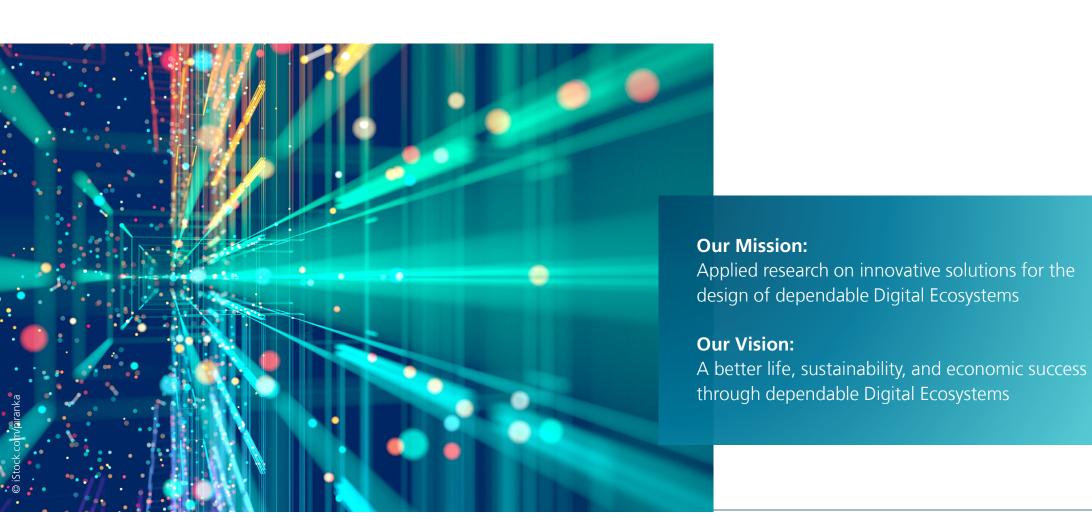






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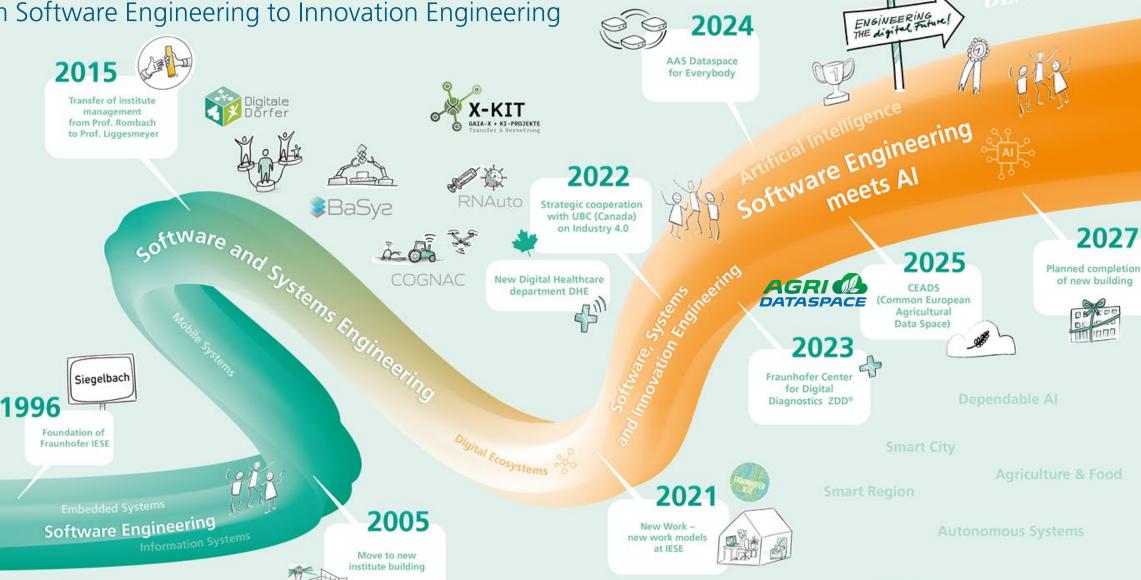
Engineering the Digital Future





Fraunhofer IESE – Status Quo

From Software Engineering to Innovation Engineering



11/7/24

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Fraunhofer IESE – Status Quo

From Software Engineering to Innovation Engineering ENGINEERING THE digital Future! 2024 AAS Dataspace 2015 for Everybody Transfer of institute management GAIA-X + KI-PROJEKTE from Prof. Rombach to Prof. Liggesmeyer 2022 Strategic cooperation with UBC (Canada) on Industry 4.0 2027 2025 Planned completion COGNAC New Digital Healthcare AGRI of new building CEADS department DHE DATASPACE (Common European Agricultural Data Space) 2023 Siegelbach Fraunhofer Center for Digital Diagnostics ZDD® Foundation of Digital Ecosystems Fraunhofer IESE 2021 2005 Software Engineering New Work -Information Systems new work models at IESE Move to new institute building

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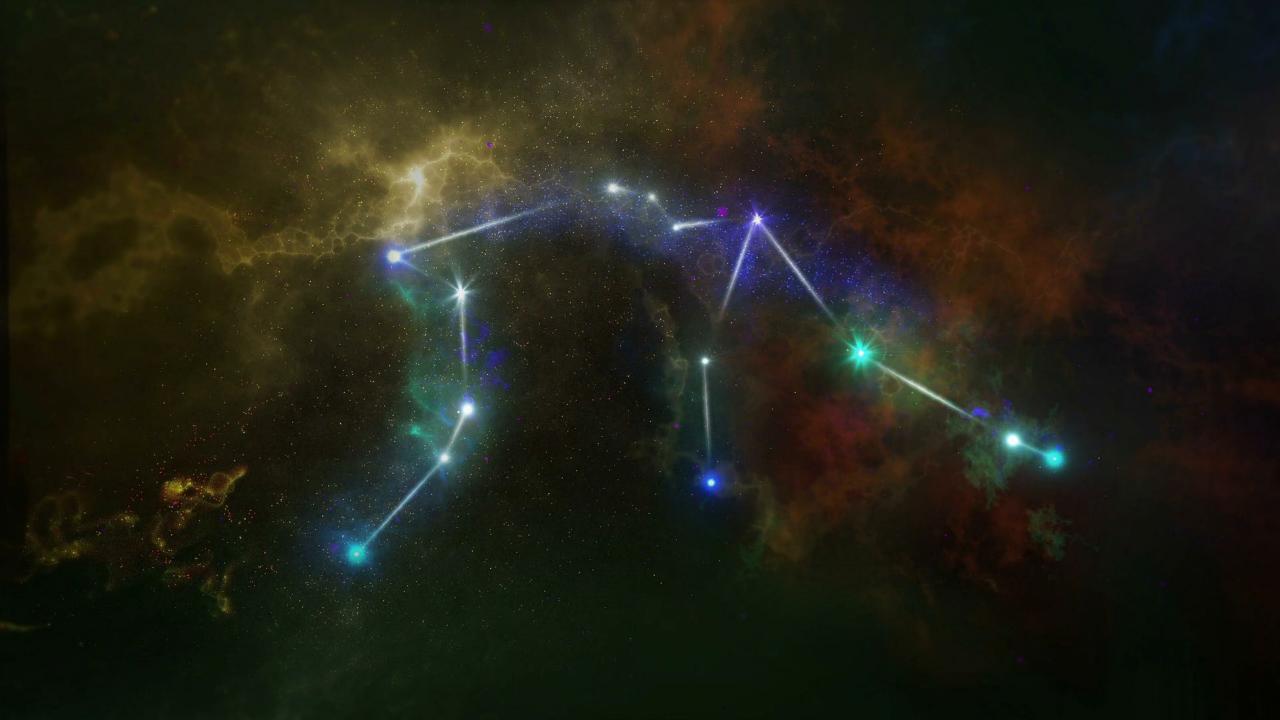
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Challenge: Interoperability for Data Exchange in Digital Farming

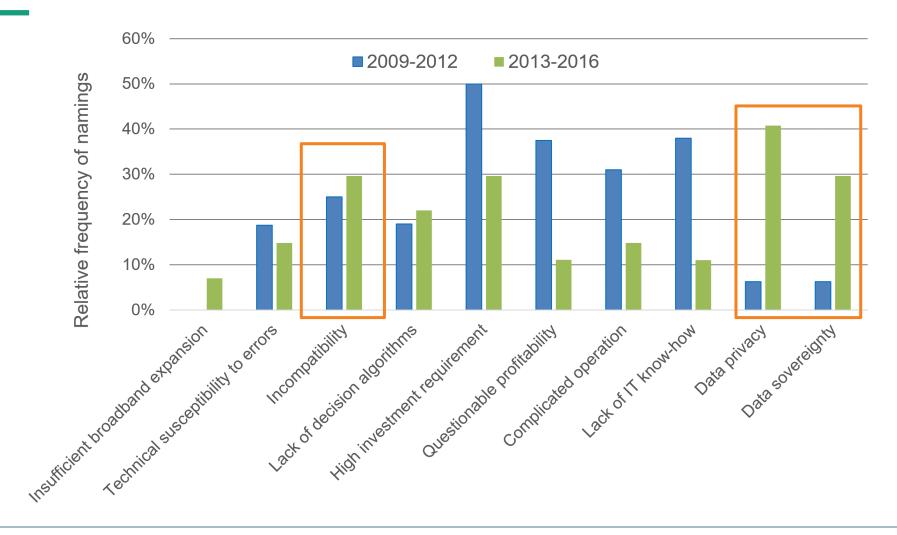








Survey on reasons/barriers for the acceptance of digital technologies in agriculture (Germany)



Main issues (besides ROI):

Farmers' requirements not met

Data protection and data sovereignty

Interoperability of solutions



More recent study with different design but same results...

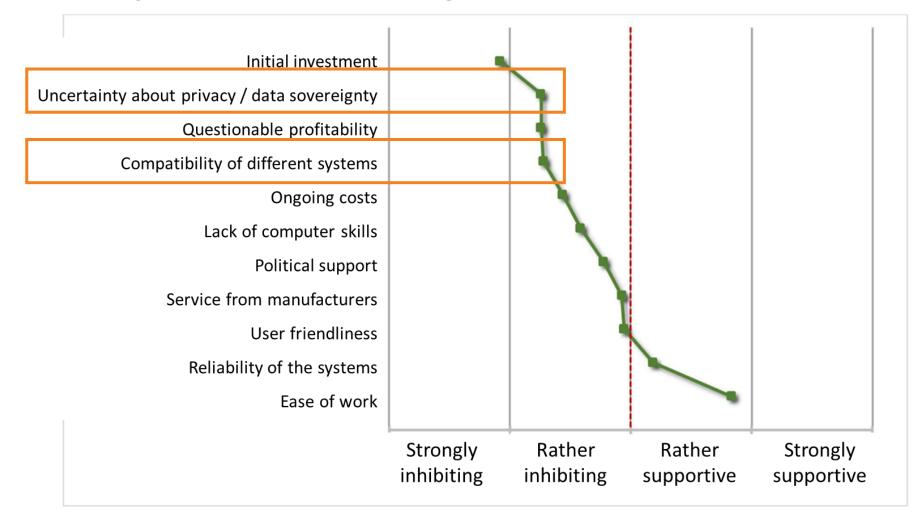
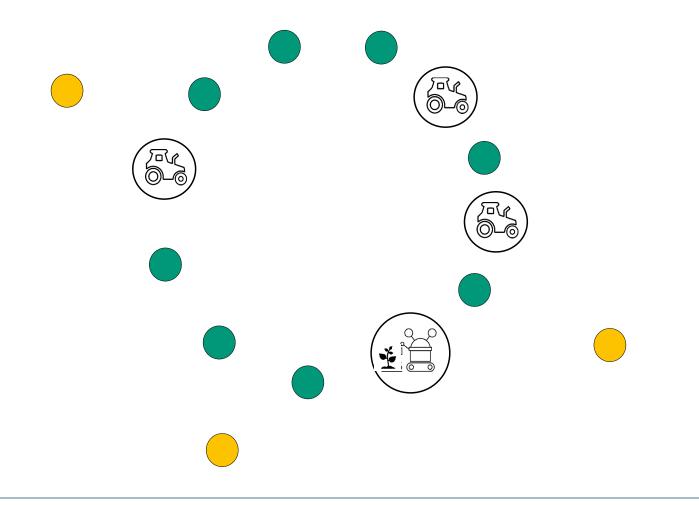
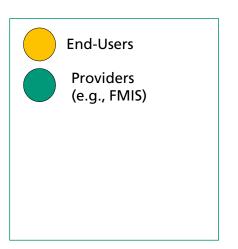


Figure: Inhibiting and supporting aspects of DFT from the farmers' perspective (n=591)

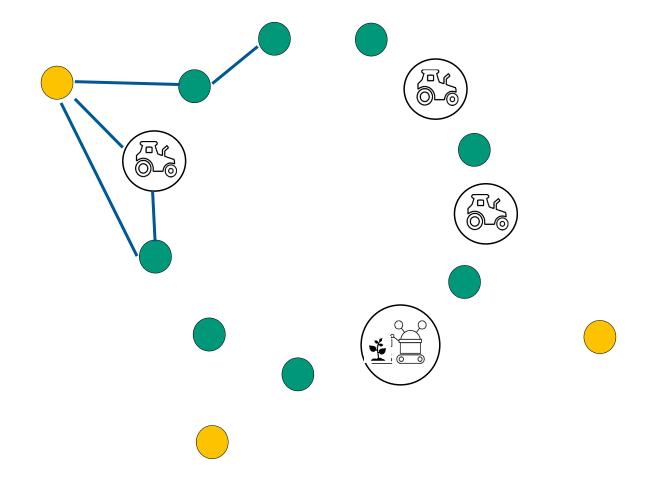


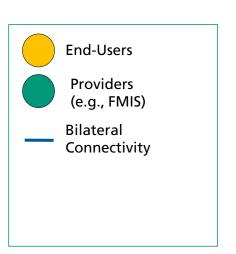
– Challenge: How do the Different Actors and Systems Interact?



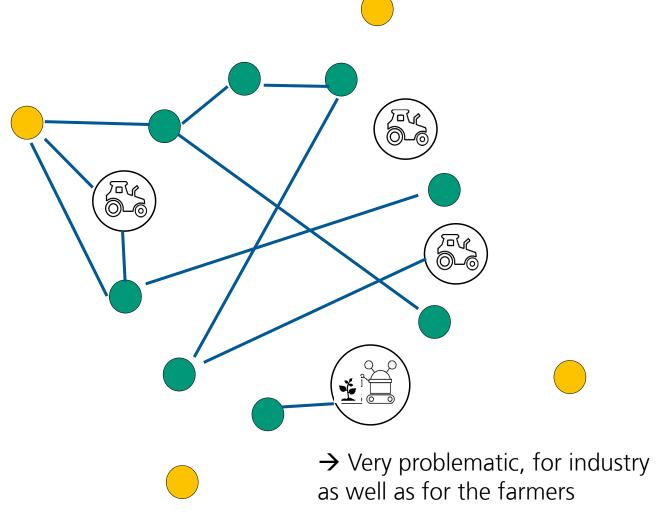


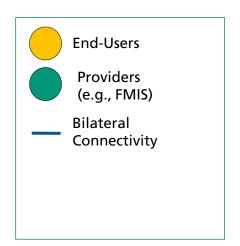
Bilateral Connectivity due to Partnerships of Companies



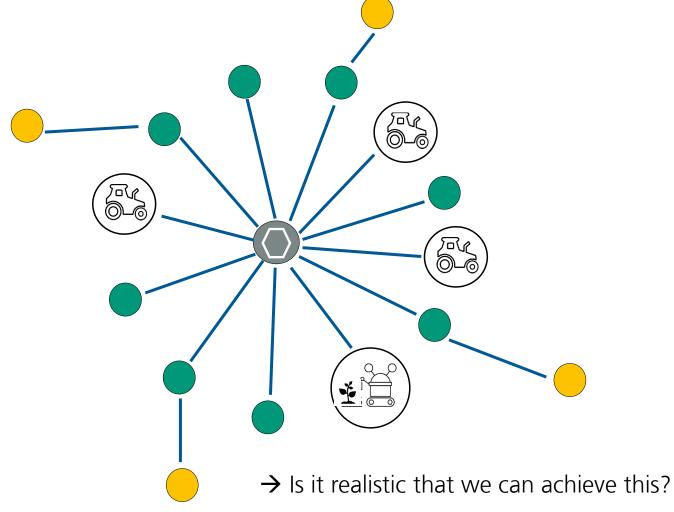


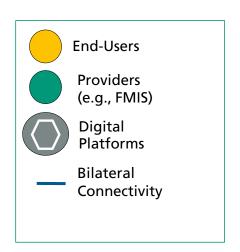
– Does this Approach Scale?





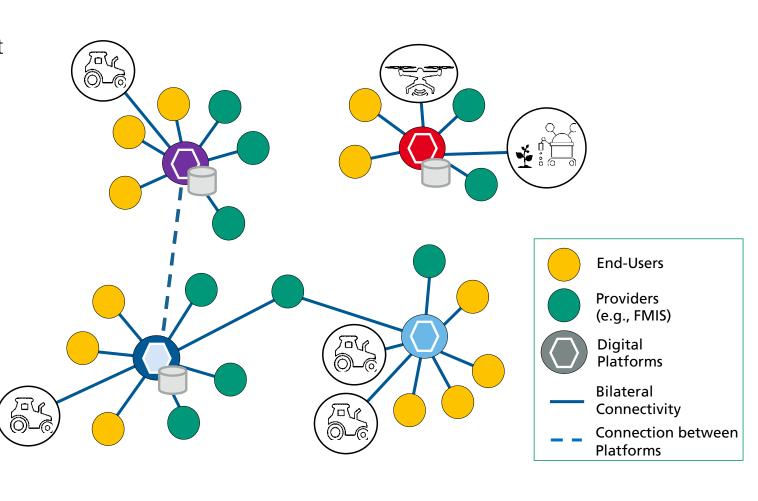
Technology-wise an Intended Scenario





Observed Challenges in the Context of Data Management / Data Spaces

- ➤ It is **hard to interconnect** entities from different digital ecosystems (islands)
- Data from specific assets like fields, animals, farms, or machinery is often stored and distributed across multiple software solutions and digital ecosystems
- ➤ Data is often stored in a **proprietary manner**, and interfaces for data access are not available
- Data sovereignty across ecosystems, is rarely addressed or if it is, then mostly within ecosystem boundaries
- ➤ The complexity of agricultural processes, as well as the multitude of entities and actors are overwhelming challenges





Data Spaces Technologies can bring several advantages into this situation



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What are data spaces?

What are data spaces?

- ➤ A data space is another word for a data center → No
- ➤ A data space is a platform
 → No
- ➤ A data space (e.g. for agriculture) exists only once
 → No
- ➤ A data space is a computing infrastructure similar to → No AWS, ...
- ➤ I store my data in a data space
 → No
- ➤ Data space initiatives are purely technical constructs → No



What are data spaces?

- A data space is an infrastructure that enables data transactions between different parties in the data ecosystem based on the governance framework of that data space. A data space should be generic enough to support the implementation of different use cases.
- Industrial data spaces, for example, can support various levels of trusted and secure sharing and trading of commercial data assets with automated and robust regulatory compliance and remuneration controls. Data spaces ensure compliance with personal data regulations; data subjects and data owners can control their data and its subsequent use.



EU Data Spaces Support Center DSSC



- Soal: The DSSC will explore the needs of data space initiatives, define common requirements, and establish best practices to accelerate the formation of sovereign data spaces as a critical element of digital transformation across all sectors.
- Origin: Consortium of different project partners (see figure) funded by the EU

Consortium members































Business and organisational building blocks



Business

Business model

Use case development

Data product

Intermediaries & Operators



Governance

Organisational form and governance authority

Participation management



Legal

Regulatory compliance

Contractual framework









Technical building blocks

Foundational Standards

Data interoperability

Data models

Data exchange

Provenance & traceability

Control & Data Plane



Data sovereignty and trust

Identity & attestation management

Trust framework

Access & usage policies enforcement

Data Space Services



Data value creation enablers

Data services & offerings descriptions

Publication & discovery

Value Creation Services







Data Spaces for Agriculture - commonalities and differences...







Project AgriDataSpace: Main Objective







Pave the way for a **European Agriculture Data Space** that facilitates data sharing, processing and analysis in a secured, trusted, transparent and responsible manner to create new opportunities for monitoring and optimizing natural resource use stimulating data-driven innovations.







































Gaia-X Projects in the Ag-Domain (Germany):

X-KIT: Gaia-X and AI projects: Transfer & Networking



Gefördert durch



aufgrund eines Beschlusses des Deutschen Bundestages Projektträger



Objective of the Project

➤ The overall goal of the X-KIT project is to promote networking and interoperability of systems in the AI projects funded by the BMEL from the very beginning and to achieve networking also with GAIA-X infrastructures and further developments in adjacent projects.

Subproject 1 - Networking of the BMEL-funded AI projects

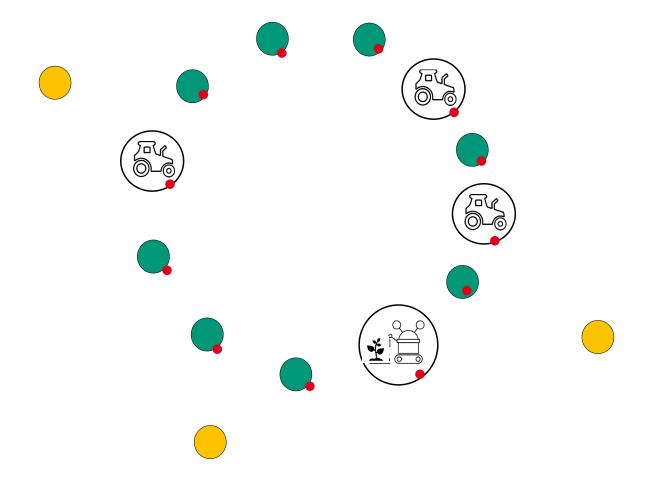
Subproject 2 - Support and development of Gaia-X projects in the agricultural sector.

➤ The goal of the second subproject is to advance the further development of the agricultural domain in Gaia-X by analyzing requirements of the agricultural sector and, if necessary, support their conceptualization and implementation into Gaia-X developments.



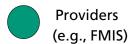


Usage of Data Space Technolgies (e.g., Connectors)





End-Users



Data Space Technology (Connectors)







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Agricultural Data spaces from the Perspective of Manufacturers and the Public Sector

Data spaces from the perspective of manufacturers and the public sector

Typical role in the area of data spaces:

- Manufacturers or authorities can connect their systems to existing data spaces
- Manufacturers or authorities must (semantically) describe their data offerings for this purpose

Potential benefit:

- Manufacturers or authorities can make their data available to many partners (in the ecosystem) (free of charge or at a cost) without having to deal with individual partner interfaces
- A wide range of data is available to manufacturers or authorities
- Manufacturers or authorities can obtain data from partners without further programming effort

Typical questions:

- How much effort is required to connect technically? Which data space technology should I use?
- ➤ How much effort does it take to (semantically) describe your data offerings?

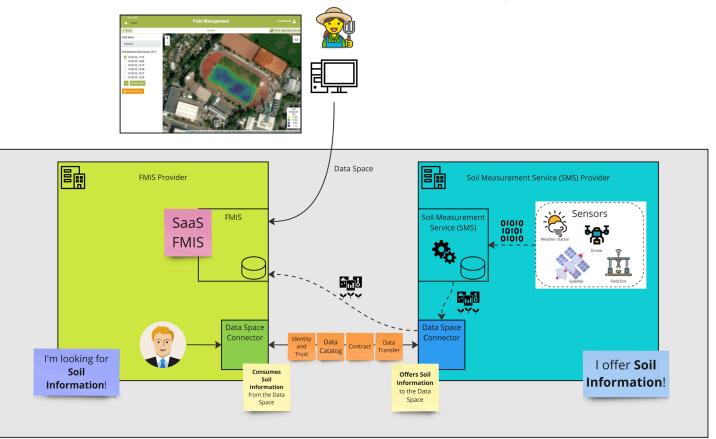


Demo video for data access with data space technology

- > Situation.
 - > SMS offers soil moisture data in a data space
 - > FMIS wants to use soil moisture data
- > Focus is on finding and retrieving soil moisture data
 - Precondition: SMS already offers the data
- > Step 1: Discover the offer
- > Step 2: Contract negotiation
- > Step 3: Starting the transfer on the basis of the contract
 - Request data transfer
 - Provision of details for the data sink (Endpoint @ FMIS + login data)
- > Step 4: User (farmer) can see new data in FMIS







Demo video available at https://www.iese.fraunhofer.de/de/projekt/x-kit/fachbeitrag/eclipse-dataspace.html





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Agricultural Data spaces from the Farmers' Perspective

Data spaces from the farmers' perspective

Typical role in the area of data spaces:

- Farmers do not have to connect to data spaces themselves
- > Farmers use systems that have been connected by the manufacturers or authorities

Potential benefit:

- Farmers have less manual data entry work as they benefit from the improved data flow (interoperability) between the systems connected to the data space
- Farmers receive higher quality services
- (Farmers can benefit monetarily from the provision of their data)

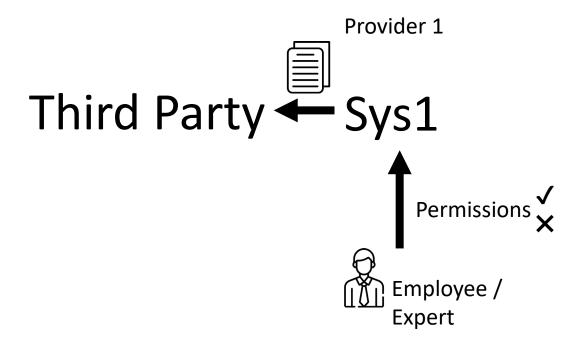
Typical questions:

- How can I control the flow of my data?
- ➤ How can I recognize which systems are **currently best positioned**?
- How can I recognize which systems are future-proof?

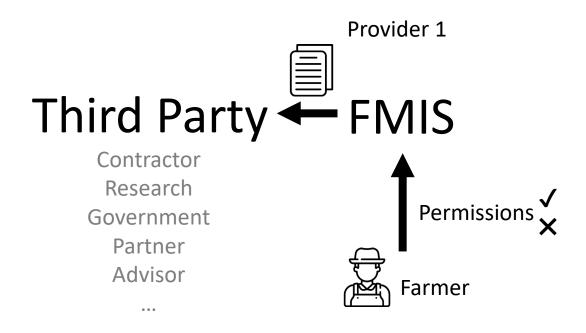


On the Role of Consent and Permission Management...

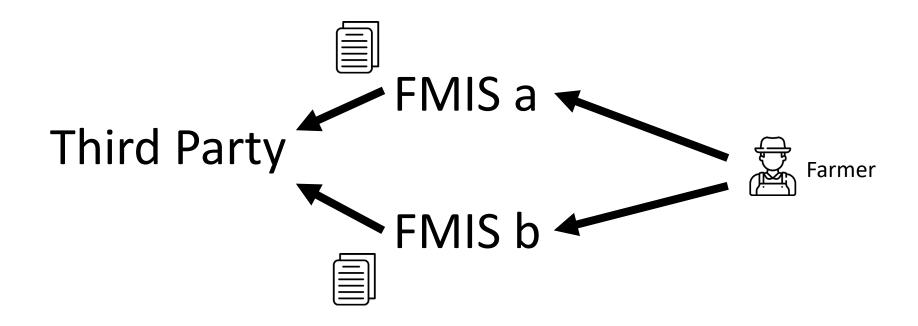
Typical situation for one data space (domain independent)



Simple situation with end users in smart farming

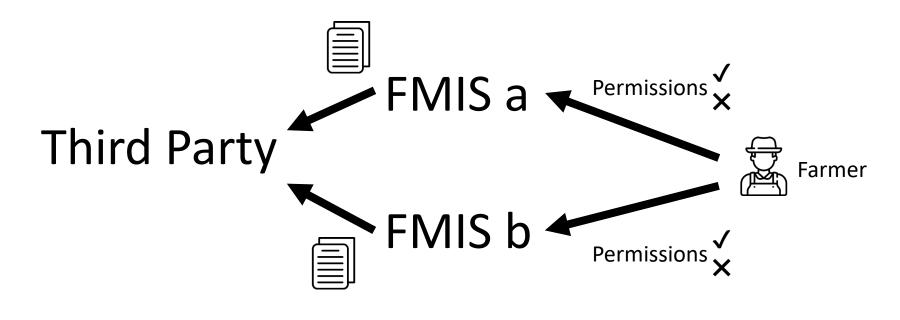


Typical situation in smart farming: multiple FMIS / DSI





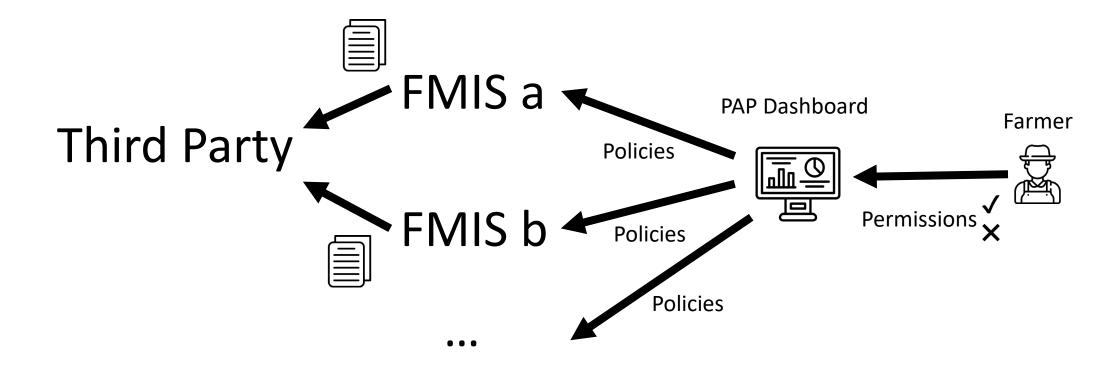
Unintended situation with end-users + usage of multiple systems with the same (type of) data



• • •



Desired situation with end-users + Usage of a separate dashboard as Policy Access Point PAP



Summary

- Interoperability is (also technology-wise) a big challenge in agriculture; the topic gets more and more attention
- > Data Space technologies can be **beneficial for the agricultural data exchange**
- > The agricultural sector has several specific demands; e.g., consent and permission management needs to **be handled differently** from other sectors

Public

Esp. the **farmer's perspective** (use of dashboards) must be taken into account





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LET'S CONNECT ON

